Technical Rules interpretation notification – Clause 3.3.4.4 Frequency Control

In response to the questions raised by some stakeholders regarding frequency control requirements, please be advised that the Technical Rules clause 3.3.4.4 Frequency Control applies as follows:

1. Clause 3.3.4.4(d) Dead band

   The dead band of a generating unit (the sum of increase and decrease in power system frequency before a measurable change in the generating unit’s active power output occurs) must be less than 0.05 Hz.

The dead band is a total governor non-response zone. This clause defines the dead band maximum value.

The clause expressly refers to the sum of the increase and decrease in power system frequency. As such, it is the increase and the decrease in power system frequency that must be added together to determine the dead band. The dead band of plus and minus must be less than 0.05Hz. For example, two permissible sets of settings, giving a total of 0.05Hz, are +/-0.025Hz and +0.03/-0.02Hz. The former is illustrated in Figure 1.

![Figure 1](image_url) – The total dead band has the maximum value of 0.05Hz (right bar). It is set to +/- 0.025Hz. 

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2. Clause 3.3.4.4(e)(1)(A) Control range, For dispatchable generating units

The overall response of a dispatchable generating unit for power system frequency excursions must be settable and be capable of achieving an increase in the generating unit's active power output of not less than 5% for a 0.1 Hz reduction in power system frequency (4% droop) for any initial output up to 85% of rated output.

This clause quantifies the required response in under frequency situations. For any initial output up to 85% of rated output a generating unit must increase active power with 4% droop during under frequency excursions. A generating unit must be capable of operation in a manner to sustain high initial response of clause 3.3.4.4 (b).

3. Clause 3.3.4.4 (e) (1) (B) Control range, For dispatchable generating units

A dispatchable generating unit must also be capable of achieving a reduction in the generating unit's active power output of not less than 5% for a 0.1 Hz increase in system frequency provided this does not require operation below the technical minimum.

This clause quantifies the required response in over frequency situations. A generating unit must reduce active power with 4% droop during over frequency excursions (this operation is not required below the technical minimum of output). A generating unit must be capable of operation in a manner to sustain the high initial response of clause 3.3.4.4 (b).

4. Clause 3.3.4.4 (e) (1) (C)

For initial outputs above 85% of rated active power output, a generating unit's response capability must be included in the relevant connection agreement, and the Generator must ensure that the generating unit responds in accordance with that connection agreement.

This clause requires documentation of the frequency control capability in the access contract for initial outputs above 85% of the rated active power output.

This clause does not obviate the need to provide frequency control for initial outputs above 85% of the rated active power output. Western Power would normally expect the frequency control capability to be the same as that for initial outputs below 85% of the rated active power output.

5. Other requirements of the Technical Rules apply, in addition to those four explained here.